JLCD © MEDICINES / ADMINISTERING MEDICINES TO STUDENTS

Under circumstances when it is necessary for a student to take medicine during school hours, the District will cooperate with the family physician and the parents if the following requirements are met:

- There must be a written order from the physician stating the name of the medicine, the dosage, and the time it is to be given.
- There must be written permission from the parent to allow the school or the student to administer the medicine. Appropriate forms are available from the school office.
- The medicine must come to the school office in the prescription container or, if it is over-the-counter medication, in the original container with all warnings and directions intact.

The Governing Board directs the Superintendent or the Superintendent's designee to prescribe and enforce regulations and procedures for the emergency administration of auto-injectable epinephrine by a trained employee of the School District pursuant to A.R.S. <u>15-157</u> and subsequent to the adoption of rules by the State Board of Education on or before January 1, 2014 pertaining to annual training in the administration of auto-injectable epinephrine, recognition of anaphylactic shock symptoms and the procedures to follow when anaphylactic shock occurs and the requirements of A.R.S. <u>15-203(A)(40)</u>.

The Governing Board recognizes that the prescribed annual training is optional during any fiscal year in which sufficient monies are not appropriated by the legislature during that fiscal year to provide for the purchase of two (2) juvenile doses and two (2) adult doses of auto-injectable epinephrine at each public school in this state and if the school does not stock two (2) juvenile doses and two (2) adult doses of auto-injectable epinephrine at the school during that fiscal year.

Exceptions:

- Students who have been diagnosed with anaphylaxis may carry and self-administer emergency medications including auto-injectable epinephrine provided the pupil's name is on the prescription label, on the medication container or device and annual written documentation from the pupil's parent or guardian is provided that authorizes possession and self-administration. The student shall notify the school office secretary as soon as practicable following the use of the medication;
- For breathing disorders, handheld inhaler devices may be carried for self administration provided the pupil's name is on the prescription label, on the medication container, or on the handheld inhaler device and annual written documentation from the pupil's parent or guardian is provided that authorizes possession and self-administration.
- Students with diabetes who have a diabetes medical management plan provided by the student's parent or guardian, signed by a licensed health professional or nurse practitioner as specified by A.R.S. <u>15-344.01</u>, may carry appropriate medications and monitoring equipment and self-administer the medication.

District employees may volunteer to be a student's diabetes care assistant, subject to approval by the student's parent or guardian, in an emergency situation as described in 15-344.01. The

Superintendent may develop regulations for implementing this provision.

The District reserves the right, in accordance with procedures established by the Superintendent, to circumscribe or disallow the use or administration of any medication on school premises if the threat of abuse or misuse of the medicine may pose a risk of harm to a member or members of the student population.

This policy and any related policies or amendments to such policies shall be forwarded to the District liability insurance carrier for review.

Adopted: October 2, 2013

LEGAL REF.:

A.R.S.

15-341

<u>15-344</u>

15-344.01

32-1601

32-1901

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REGULATION

MEDICINES / ADMINISTERING MEDICINES TO STUDENTS

(Medication Procedures)

Prescription Drugs

For occasions when it is necessary for a student to receive a prescription drug during the school day, the following procedure has been established to ensure the protection of the school and the student and to assure compliance with existing rules and regulations:

Administration by school personnel:

- The medication must be prescribed by a physician.
- The parent or guardian must provide written permission to administer the medicine to the student. Appropriate forms are available from the school office.
- The medication must come to the school office in the prescription container as put up by the pharmacist. Written directions from the physician or pharmacist must state the name of the patient, the name of the medicine, the dosage, and the time it is to be given.
- An administrator may designate a school employee to administer the medication.
- Any medication administration services specified in the child's diabetes medical management plan shall be provided.
- Two (2) or more school employees, subject to final approval by the student's parent or guardian, may volunteer to serve as diabetes care assistants. Voluntary diabetes care assistants are allowed to administer insulin, assist the pupil with self-administration of insulin, administer glucagon in an emergency situation to a pupil or perform any combination of these actions if all the following conditions exist:
 - A school nurse or another health professional who is licensed pursuant to statute or a nurse practitioner who is licensed pursuant to statute is not immediately available to attend to the pupil at the time of the emergency.
 - If the voluntary diabetes care assistant is authorized to administer glucagon, the parent or guardian must provide to the school an unexpired glucagon kit prescribed for the student by an appropriately licensed health care professional or nurse practitioner.
 - The volunteer diabetes care assistant has provided to the school a written statement signed by an appropriately licensed health professional that the voluntary diabetes care assistant has received proper training in the administration of glucagon, including the training specified in A.R.S. <u>15-344.01</u>.
 - If the voluntary diabetes care is authorized to administer insulin, the parent or guardian of the pupil has provided insulin and all equipment and supplies that are

necessary for insulin administration by voluntary diabetes care assistants.

- The training provided by an appropriately licensed health professional must include all of the following:
 - ⇒ An overview of all types of diabetes.
 - ⇒ The symptoms and treatment of hyperglycemia and hypoglycemia.
 - ⇒ Techniques for determining the proper dose of insulin in a specific situation based on instructions provided in the orders submitted by the pupil's physician.
 - ⇒ Techniques for recognizing the symptoms that require the administration of glucagon.
 - ⇒ Techniques on administering glucagon.
- A District employee shall not be subject to any penalty or disciplinary action for refusing to serve as a voluntary diabetes care assistant.
- The District, employees of the District, and properly licensed volunteer health professionals and nurse practitioners are immune from civil liability for the consequences of the good faith adoption and implementation of policies and procedures pursuant to District policy and this regulation.
- Each administration of prescription drugs must be documented, making a record of the student having received the medication.
- Drugs must be kept in their original containers in a locked medicine cabinet.

Self-administration:

- When the physician feels it is necessary for the student to carry and self-administer the medication, the physician shall provide written recommendations, to be attached to the signed parent permission form except in the case of medication for diagnosed anaphylaxis and breathing disorders requiring handheld inhaler devices. In these cases the student's name on the prescription label is sufficient for the physician's recommendation.
- The student's diabetes medical management plan provided by the parent or guardian shall be signed by the appropriately licensed health professional or nurse practitioner and shall state that the student is capable of self-monitoring blood glucose and shall list the medications, monitoring equipment, and nutritional needs that are medically appropriate for the pupil to self-administer and that have been prescribed or authorized for that student. The student must be able to practice proper safety precautions for the handling and disposal of the equipment and medications that the student is authorized to use under these provisions. The pupil's diabetes medical management plan shall specify a method to dispose of equipment and medications in a manner agreed on by the parent or quardian and the school.
- The parent or guardian must provide written permission for the student to self-administer and carry the medication. Appropriate forms are available from the school office.

• The medication must come in the prescription container as put up by the pharmacist.

Over-the-Counter Medication

When it is necessary for a student to receive a medicine that does not require a prescription order but is sold, offered, promoted, and advertised to the general public, the following procedure has been established to ensure the protection of the school and the student:

Administration by school personnel:

- Written permission must be provided by the parent or guardian for the administration of specific over-the-counter drugs.
- Any over-the-counter drug or medicine sent by the parent to be administered to a student must come to the school office in the original manufacturer's packaging with all directions, dosages, compound contents, and proportions clearly marked.
- An administrator may designate a school employee to administer a specific over-the-counter drug.
- Each instance of administration of an over-the-counter drug must be documented in the daily log.
- Over-the-counter drugs must be kept in their original containers in a locked medicine cabinet.

Self-administration:

- Written permission must be provided by the parent or guardian for the administration of specific over-the-counter drugs by the student.
- Over-the-counter drugs or medicine sent by the parent to be administered by the student must be kept by the student in the original manufacturer's packaging, with all directions, dosages, compound contents, and proportions clearly marked.
- Necessity for self-administration of an over-the-counter drug or medicine shall be determined by the student's physician and must be verified by a signed physician's statement attached to the parent or guardian permission form, indicating the specific drug or medicine.

Protection of Students

Use or administration of medication on school premises may be disallowed or strictly limited if it is determined by the Superintendent, in consultation with medical personnel, that a threat of abuse or misuse of the medicine may pose a risk of harm to a member of the student population.

The student shall take extraordinary precautions to keep secure any medication or drug, and under no circumstances shall make available, provide, or give the item to another person. The student shall immediately report the loss or theft of any medication brought onto school campus. Violation of this regulation may subject the student to disciplinary action.

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EXHIBIT

MEDICINES / ADMINISTERING MEDICINES TO STUDENTS

REQUEST FOR GIVING MEDICINE AT SCHOOL

Name	Grade	
Teacher	School	
Medication		
Diagnosis/reason for giving		
Time to be given a.m.	Time to be given p.m.	
Dates from	to	
Prescription medication must be in the labeled, including the patient name, not over-the-counter medication must be compound contents, and proportions cadministered may result in seizure and	name of medication, dosage, and time in the original packaging, with all dir clearly marked. Student misuse of med	to be given. An ections, dosages,
Parent's or Guardian's Signatur	re Date	

A signed physician's statement indicating the necessity must accompany any request for self-administration of medicine, whether it is prescription or over-the-counter medicine except in the case of medication for diagnosed anaphylaxis including auto-injectable epinephrine and breathing disorders requiring handheld inhaler devices. In these cases the student's name on the prescription label is sufficient for the physician's recommendation.